

# Axin1 ELISA Kit (Rat) (OKEH06820) Instructions for Use

For the quantitative measurement of Axin1 in serum, plasma, tissue homogenates, cell culture supernatants and other biological fluids.

Lot to lot variations can occur. Refer to the manual provided along with the kit.

This product is intended for research use only.



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	Background Assay Summary Storage and Stability Kit Components Precautions Required Materials Not Supplied Technical Application Tips Reagent Preparation Sample Preparation Assay Procedure Calculation of Results Typical Expected Data Technical Resources



# 1. Background

#### **Principle**

Aviva Systems Biology Axin1 ELISA Kit (Rat) (OKEH06820) is based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immuno-sorbent assay technology. An antibody specific for Axin1 has been pre-coated onto a 96-well plate (12 x 8 Well Strips). Standards or test samples are added to the wells, incubated and removed. A biotinylated detector antibody specific for Axin1 is added, incubated and followed by washing. Avidin-Peroxidase Conjugate is then added, incubated and unbound conjugate is washed away. An enzymatic reaction is produced through the addition of TMB substrate which is catalyzed by HRP generating a blue color product that changes to yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow coloration read by absorbance at 450 nm and is quantitatively proportional to the amount of sample Axin1 captured in the well.

#### Target Background

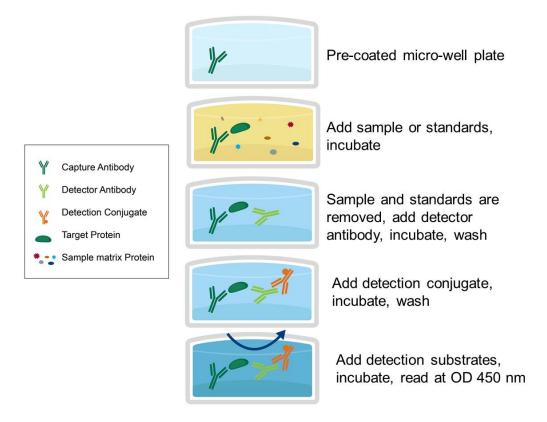
Component of the beta-catenin destruction complex required for regulating CTNNB1 levels through phosphorylation and ubiquitination, and modulating Wnt-signaling. Controls dorsoventral patterning via two opposing effects; down-regulates beta-catenin to inhibit the Wnt signaling pathway and ventralize embryos, but also dorsalizes embryos by activating a Wnt-independent JNK signaling pathway. Also facilitates the phosphorylation of APC by GSK3B. Facilitates the phosphorylation of TP53 by HIPK2 upon ultraviolet irradiation. Enhances TGF-beta signaling by recruiting the RNF111 E3 ubiquitin ligase and promoting the degradation of inhibitory SMAD7

#### **General Specifications**

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Range	0.156-10 ng/mL			
LOD	<0.156 ng/mL (Derived by linear regression of $OD_{450}$ of the Mean Blank + 2xSD)			
Specificity	Rat Axin-1 <u>UniProt ID</u> : O70239 <u>GeneID</u> : 31781 <u>Target Alias</u> : Axin, Axin-1, Axis inhibition protein 1, rAxin			
Cross-Reactivity	No detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins			



## 2. Assay Summary



## 3. Storage and Stability

• Upon receipt store kit at 4°C for 1 Month or -20°C for 6 Months (with noted exceptions below). Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

### 4. Kit Components

• The following reagents are the provided contents of the kit.

Description	Quantity	Storage Conditions
Axin1 Microplate	96 Wells (12 x 8 Well strips)	
Axin1 Lyophilized Standard	2 x 10 ng	4°C for 1
100X Biotinylated Axin1 Detector Antibody	1 x 120 µL	Months
100X Avidin-HRP Conjugate	1 x 120 µL	
Sample Diluent	1 x 20 mL	-20°C for 6
Detector Antibody Diluent	1 x 12 mL	Months
Conjugate Diluent	1 x 12 mL	
25X Wash Buffer	1 x 30 mL	
Stop Solution	1 x 10 mL	Store at 4°C
TMB Substrate	1 x 10 mL	

## 5. Precautions

• Read instructions fully prior to beginning use of the assay kit.



• Any deviations or modifications from the described method or use of other reagents could result in a reduction of performance.

• Reduce exposure to potentially harmful substances by wearing personal protective lab equipment including lab coats, gloves and glasses.

• For information on hazardous substances included in the kit please refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

• Kit cannot be used beyond the expiration date on the label.

## 6. Required Materials Not Supplied

- Microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm.
- Automated plate washer (optional).
- Pipettes capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µL through 1 mL volumes of aqueous solutions.
- Pipettes or volumetric glassware capable of precisely measuring 1 mL through 100 mL of aqueous solutions.
- New, clean tubes and/or micro-centrifuge tubes for the preparation of standards or samples.
- Absorbent paper or paper toweling.
- Distilled or deionized ultrapure water.
- 37°C Incubator (optional)

## 7. Technical Application Tips

- Do not mix or substitute components from other kits.
- To ensure the validity of experimental operation, it is recommended that pilot experiments using standards and a small selection of sample dilutions to ensure optimal dilution range for quantitation.
- Samples exhibiting OD measurements higher than the highest standard should be diluted further in the appropriate sample dilution buffers.
- Prior to using the kit, briefly spin component tubes to collect all reagents at the bottom.
- Replicate wells are recommended for standards and samples.
- · Cover microplate while incubating to prevent evaporation.
- Do not allow the microplate wells dry at any point during the assay procedure.
- Do not reuse tips or tube to prevent cross contamination.
- Avoid causing bubbles or foaming when pipetting, mixing or reconstituting.
- Completely remove of all liquids when washing to prevent cross contamination.
- Prepare reagents immediately prior to use and do not store, with the exception of the top standard.
- Equilibrate all materials to ambient room temperature prior to use (standards exception).

• For optimal results for inter- and intra-assay consistency, equilibrate all materials to 37°C prior to performing assay (standards exception) and perform all incubations at 37°C.

- $\bullet$  Pipetting less than 1  $\mu L$  is not recommended for optimal assay accuracy.
- Once the procedure has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Ensure that all reagents, materials and devices are ready at the appropriate time.
- Incubation times will affect results. All wells should be handled in the same sequential order and time intervals for optimal results.
- Samples containing bilirubin, precipitates or fibrin strands or are hemolytic or lipemic might cause inaccurate results due to interfering factors.
- TMB Substrate is easily contaminated and should be colorless or light blue until added to plate. Handle carefully and protect from light.

#### 8. Reagent Preparation

• Equilibrate all materials to room temperature prior to use and use prepare immediately prior to use.