

**ACE ELISA Kit (Rat)
OKCA02222
Instructions for Use**

For the quantitative measurement of Rat ACE in serum, plasma, tissue homogenates.

Lot to lot variation can occur. Refer to the manual provided with the kit.

This product is intended for research use only.

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1. Background

Principle

Aviva Systems Biology ACE ELISA Kit (Rat) (OKCA02222) is based on a competitive enzyme immuno assay technique. The microtiter well-plate in this kit has been pre-coated with ACE. Sample or standards are added to the wells along with a fixed quantity of HRP-Conjugated ACE Detector Antibody and incubated.

The XYLT1 found in the sample or standards competes with immobilized ACE for binding with the HRP-Conjugated ACE Detector Antibody. Wells are washed and an enzymatic reaction is then produced through the addition of TMB substrate which is catalyzed by the immobilized HRP to generate a blue color product. Addition of acidic stop solution changes the coloration to yellow. The density of yellow coloration is measured by reading the absorbance at 450 nm which is quantitatively proportional to the amount of biotinylated XYLT1 captured in the well and inversely proportional to the amount of XYLT1 which was contained in the sample or standard.

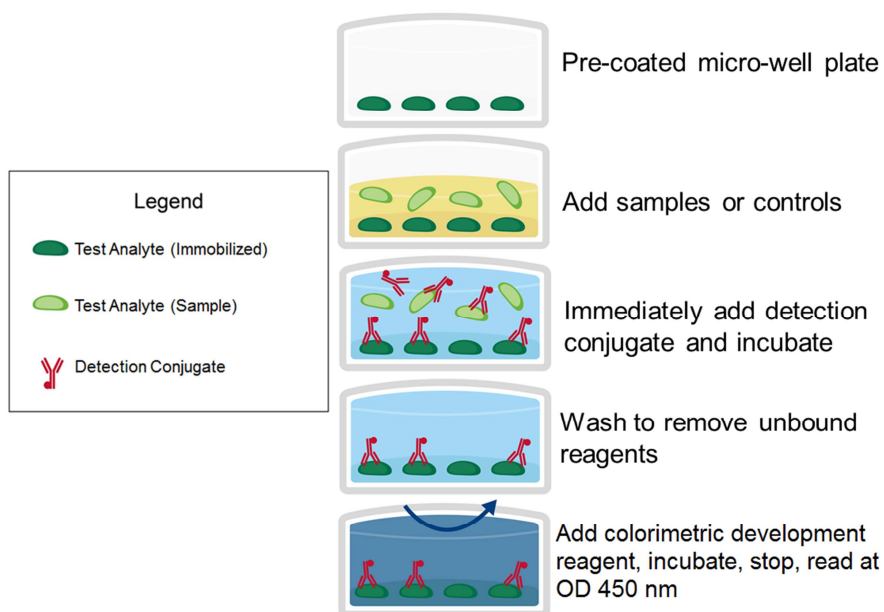
Target Background

Converts angiotensin I to angiotensin II by release of the terminal His-Leu, this results in an increase of the vasoconstrictor activity of angiotensin. Also able to inactivate bradykinin, a potent vasodilator. Has also a glycosidase activity which releases GPI-anchored proteins from the membrane by cleaving the mannose linkage in the GPI moiety.

General Specifications

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Range	78 pg/mL-5,000 pg/mL
LOD	19.5 pg/mL (Derived by linear regression of OD ₄₅₀ of the Mean Blank + 2xSD)
Specificity	Rat Angiotensin-converting enzyme <u>UniProt</u> : P12822 <u>GeneID</u> : 100009274 <u>Target Alias</u> :
Cross-Reactivity	No detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins

2. Assay Summary



3. Storage and Stability

- Upon receipt store kit at 4°C for 1 month. Do not use beyond expiration date.

4. Kit Components

- The following reagents are the provided contents of the kit.

Description	Quantity	Storage Conditions
Anti-ACE Microplate	96 Wells (12 x 8 Well strips)	4°C for 1 Month Do not use past expiration date.
ACE Lyophilized Standard	2 x 5 ng	
100X HRP-Conjugated ACE Detector Antibody	1 x 60 µL	
HRP-Conjugate Diluent	1 x 10 mL	
Sample Diluent	2 x 20 mL	
25X Wash Buffer	1 x 20 mL	
Stop Solution	1 x 10 mL	
TMB Substrate	1 x 10 mL	

5. Precautions

- Read instructions fully prior to beginning use of the assay kit.
- Any deviations or modifications from the described method or use of other reagents could result in a reduction of performance.
- Reduce exposure to potentially harmful substances by wearing personal protective lab equipment including lab coats, gloves and glasses.
- For information on hazardous substances included in the kit please refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).
- Kit cannot be used beyond the expiration date on the label.

6. Required Materials Not Supplied

- Microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm.
- Automated plate washer (optional).
- Pipettes capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 μ L through 1 mL volumes of aqueous solutions.
- Pipettes or volumetric glassware capable of precisely measuring 1 mL through 100 mL of aqueous solutions.
- New, clean tubes and/or micro-centrifuge tubes for the preparation of standards or samples.
- Absorbent paper or paper toweling.
- Distilled or deionized ultrapure water.
- 37°C Incubator (optional)

7. Technical Application Tips

- Do not mix or substitute components from other kits.
- To ensure the validity of experimental operation, it is recommended that pilot experiments using standards and a small selection of sample dilutions to ensure optimal dilution range for quantitation.
- Samples exhibiting OD measurements higher than the highest standard should be diluted further in the appropriate sample dilution buffers.
- Prior to using the kit, briefly spin component tubes to collect all reagents at the bottom.
- Replicate wells are recommended for standards and samples.
- Cover microplate while incubating to prevent evaporation.
- Do not allow the microplate wells dry at any point during the assay procedure.
- Do not reuse tips or tube to prevent cross contamination.
- Avoid causing bubbles or foaming when pipetting, mixing or reconstituting.
- Completely remove of all liquids when washing to prevent cross contamination.
- Prepare reagents immediately prior to use and do not store, with the exception of the top standard.
- Equilibrate all materials to ambient room temperature prior to use (standards exception).
- For optimal results in inter- intra- assay consistency, equilibrate all materials to 37°C prior to performing assay (standards exception) and perform all incubations at 37°C.
- Pipetting less than 1 μ L is not recommended for optimal assay accuracy.
- Once the procedure has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Ensure that all reagents, materials and devices are ready at the appropriate time.
- Incubation times will affect results. All wells should be handled in the same sequential order and time intervals for optimal results.
- Samples containing precipitates or fibrin strands or which are hemolytic or lipemic might cause inaccurate results due to interfering factors.
- TMB Substrate is easily contaminated and should be colorless or light blue until added to plate. Handle carefully and protect from light.

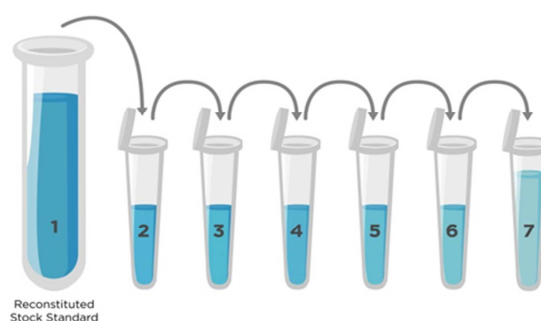
8. Reagent Preparation

- Equilibrate all materials to room temperature prior to use and use prepare immediately prior to use.

8.1 Rat ACE Assay Standards

- 8.1.1 Prepare the standards no greater than 2 hours prior to performing experiment. Standards should be held on ice until use in the experiment.
- 8.1.2 Reconstitute one vial of the provided 5,000 pg **Lyophilized Standard** for each experiment. Prepare a stock **5,000 pg/mL Standard** by reconstituting one tube of 5,000 pg **Lyophilized Standard** as follows:
- 8.1.2.1 Gently spin or tap the vial at 6,000 – 10,000 rpm for 30 seconds to collect all material at the bottom.
- 8.1.2.2 Add 1 mL of **Standard Diluent** to the vial.
- 8.1.2.3 Seal the vial then mix gently and thoroughly.
- 8.1.2.4 Leave the vial at ambient temperature for 15 minutes.
- 8.1.3 Prepare a set of serially diluted standards as follows:
- 8.1.3.1 Label tubes with numbers 2 – 8.
- 8.1.3.2 Use the undiluted reconstituted **5,000 pg/mL Standard** from step 8.1.2 as the high standard point (Tube #1).
- 8.1.3.3 Add 300 μ L of **Standard Diluent** to Tube #'s 2 – 8.
- 8.1.3.4 Prepare **Standard #2** by adding 300 μ L of **5,000 pg/mL Standard** (Tube #1) to Tube #2. Mix gently and thoroughly.
- 8.1.3.5 Prepare **Standard #3** by adding 300 μ L of **Standard #2** from Tube #2 to Tube #3. Mix gently and thoroughly.
- 8.1.3.6 Prepare further serial dilutions through Tube #7. Reference the table below as a guide for serial dilution scheme.
- 8.1.3.7 Tube #8 is a blank standard (only **Standard Diluent**), which should be included with every experiment.

Standard Number (Tube)	Standard To Dilute	Volume Standard to Dilute (μ L)	Volume Standard Diluent Buffer (μ L)	Total Volume (μ L)	Final Concentration
1	5,000 pg/mL Reconstituted Standard	NA	NA	NA	5,000 pg/mL
2	5,000 pg/mL	300	300	600	2,500 pg/mL
3	2,500 pg/mL	300	300	600	1,250 pg/mL
4	1,250 pg/mL	300	300	600	625 pg/mL
5	625 pg/mL	300	300	600	312 pg/mL
6	312 pg/mL	300	300	600	156 pg/mL
7	156 pg/mL	300	300	600	78 pg/mL
8	NA	0	300	300	0.0 (Blank)



8.2 **1X ACE HRP-Detector Antibody**

- 8.2.1 Prepare the **1X ACE HRP-Detector Antibody** immediately prior to use by reconstituting and diluting the **100X ACE HRP-Detector Antibody** 1:100 with **Detector Antibody Diluent** as follows.
- 8.2.2 Equilibrate materials to room temperature.
- 8.2.3 For each well strip to be used in the experiment (8-wells) prepare 500 μ L of **1X ACE HRP-Detector Antibody** by adding 5 μ L of **100X ACE HRP-Detector Antibody** to 495 μ L **Detector Antibody Diluent**.
- 8.2.4 Mix thoroughly and gently. Hold no longer than 2 hours prior to using in procedure. Do not store at 1X concentration for future use.

8.3 **Microplate Preparation**

- Micro-plates are provided ready to use and do not require rinsing or blocking.
- Unused well strips should be returned to the original packaging, sealed and stored at 4°C.
- Equilibrate microplates to ambient temperatures prior to opening to reduce potential condensation.

8.4 **1X Wash Buffer**

- 8.4.1 If crystals have formed in the 25X **Wash Buffer** concentrate, equilibrate to room temperature and mix gently until crystals have completely dissolved.
- 8.4.2 Add the entire 20 mL contents of the 25X **Wash Buffer** bottle to 480 mL of ultra-pure water to a clean > 1,000 mL bottle or other vessel.
- 8.4.3 Seal and mix gently by inversion. Avoid foaming or bubbles.
- 8.4.4 Store the **1X Wash Buffer** at room temperature until ready to use in the procedure. Store the prepared **1X Wash Buffer** at 4°C for no longer than 1 week. Do not freeze.

9. Sample Preparation

9.1 Sample Preparation and Storage

- Store samples to be assayed at 2-8°C for 24 hours prior being assayed.
- For long term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- Samples not indicated in the manual must be tested to determine if the kit is valid.
- Prepare samples as follows:
 - **Serum** - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes at room temperature or overnight at 4°C before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1,000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
 - **Plasma** - Collect plasma using EDTA, or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1,000 x g at 2-8°C within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
 - **Tissue homogenates** - The preparation of tissue homogenates will vary depending upon tissue type. For this assay, tissue was rinsed with 1X PBS to remove excess blood, homogenized in 20 mL of 1X PBS and stored overnight at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$. After two freeze-thaw cycles were performed to break the cell membranes, the homogenates were centrifuged for 5 minutes at 5,000 x g. Remove the supernatant and assay immediately or aliquot and store at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$.

9.2 Sample Dilution

Target protein concentration must be estimated and appropriate sample dilution selected such that the final target protein concentration falls near the middle of the assay linear dynamic range.

- Dilute samples using **Sample Diluent**.
- Mix diluted samples gently and thoroughly.
- Pipetting less than 2 μL is not recommended for optimal assay accuracy.
- Optimal dilution must be determined by the user according to their specific samples.

10. Assay Procedure

- Equilibrate all reagents and materials to ambient room temperature prior to use in the procedure.
- For optimal control of small potential variations in micro well-plate and day to day ambient temperature fluctuations, equilibrate all reagents prior to use and perform all incubation steps at 37°C.

- 10.1** Determine the required number of wells and return any remaining unused wells and desiccant to the pouch.
- 10.2** Retain at least one well as an absolute Blank without any samples or reagents.
- 10.3** Add 50 μ L of serially titrated standards, diluted samples or blank into wells of the **ACE Microplate**. At least two replicates of each standard, sample or blank is recommended.
- 10.4** Immediately add 50 μ L of **1X ACE HRP-Detector Antibody** to each well (excluding absolute Blank).
- 10.5** Cover the plate with the well plate lid and incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes.
- 10.6** Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.
- 10.7** Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the bench top onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time
- 10.8** Wash plate five times with **1X Wash Buffer** as follows:
 - 10.8.1 Add 300 μ L of **1X Wash Buffer** to each assay well.
 - 10.8.2 Incubate for 2 minutes.
 - 10.8.3 Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.
 - 10.8.4 Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the benchtop onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.
 - 10.8.5 Repeat steps 10.8.1 through 10.8.4 **four** more times.
- 10.9** Add 90 μ L of **TMB Substrate** to each well and incubate at 37°C in the dark for 20 minutes. Wells should change to gradations of blue. If the color is too deep based on the standard, adjust incubation times.
(NOTE: optimal incubation time must be determined by the user. Optimal development can be visualized by blue shading in the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards still appear clearer.)
- 10.10** Add 50 μ L of **Stop Solution** to each well. Well color should change to gradations of yellow immediately. Add the **Stop Solution** in the same well order as done for the **TMB Substrate**.
- 10.11** Read the O.D. absorbance at 450 nm with a standard microplate reader within 5 minutes of stopping the reaction in step 10.10. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm.

11. Calculation of Results

For analysis of the assay results, calculate the **Relative OD₄₅₀** for each test or standard well as follows:

$$(\text{Relative OD}_{450}) = (\text{Well OD}_{450}) - (\text{Mean Blank Well OD}_{450})$$

The standard curve is generated by plotting the mean replicate **Relative OD₄₅₀** of each standard serial dilution point vs. The respective standard concentration. The ACE concentration contained in the samples can be interpolated by using linear regression of each mean sample **Relative OD₄₅₀** against the standard curve. This is best achieved using curve fitting software.

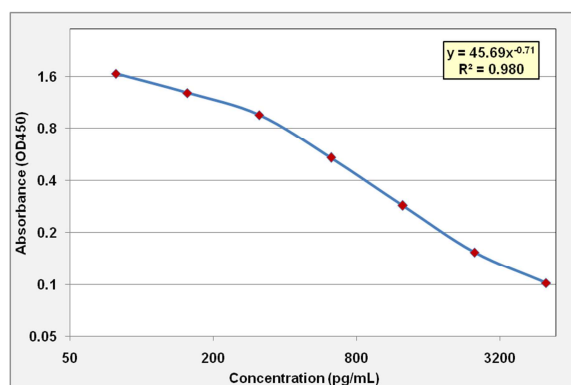
Note: if wavelength correction readings are available, subtract the readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This may provide greater reading accuracy.

Note: if the samples measured were diluted, multiply the derived mean sample concentration by the dilution factor for a final sample concentration.

12. Typical Expected Data

12.1 Typical standard curve

This standard curve is for demonstration purposes only. An assay specific standard curve should be performed with each assay.



pg/ml	Absorbance (OD450 nm)		Mean
	1	2	
5000	0.1	0.103	0.102
2500	0.152	0.155	0.154
1250	0.279	0.293	0.286
625	0.538	0.54	0.539
312	0.989	0.924	0.957
156	1.243	1.328	1.286
78	1.588	1.728	1.658
0	2.441	2.606	2.524

12.2 Recovery

Matrices were spiked with ACE and recovery rates were calculated by comparing the measured values to the expected concentrations. **Error! Not a valid link.**

Matrix	Recovery Range (%)	Mean Recovery (%)
Serum (n=5)	85-98	92
EDTA Plasma (n=4)	92-101	96

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12.3 Linearity

Linearity of the kit was evaluated by spiking ACE into Serum (n=4), serially diluted and measured. Observed values were compared to the expected measurements.

Dilution	Recovery Range (%)	Mean Recovery (%)
1:100	87	82-93
1:200	94	89-99
1:400	95	89-99
1:800	92	87-96

12.4 Reproducibility

Intra-assay reproducibility was evaluated with 20 replicates of 3 samples representing low, middle and high level ACE. Inter-assay reproducibility was evaluated with 3 samples representing low, middle and high level ACE using 8 replicates on each of 3 plates.

Intra-Assay CV <10%

Inter-Assay CV <12%

13. Technical Resources

Technical Support:

For optimal service please be prepared to supply the lot number of the kit used.

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