

# ENO2 ELISA Kit (Human) (OKCA00125)

# Instruction for Use

For the quantitative measurement of Human ENO2 in serum, plasma, tissue homogenates.

This product is intended for research use only.



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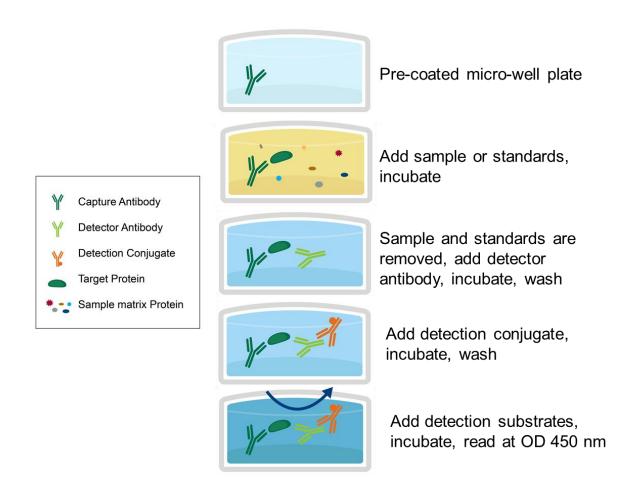


## 1. Background

#### **Principle**

Aviva Systems Biology ENO2 ELISA Kit (Human) (OKCA00125) is based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immuno-sorbent assay technology. A mouse monoclonal antibody specific for human ENO2 has been precoated onto a 96-well plate (12 x 8 Well Strips). Standards or test samples are added to the wells and incubated. After washing, a biotinylated detector antibody specific for human ENO2 is added, incubated and followed by washing. Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex is then added, incubated and unbound conjugate is washed away. An enzymatic reaction is produced through the addition of TMB substrate which is catalyzed by HRP to generating a blue color product that changes to yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow coloration read by absorbance at 450 nm and is quantitatively proportional to the amount of sample human ENO2 captured in well.

# 2. Assay Summary





#### 3. Precautions

- · Read instructions fully prior to beginning use of the assay kit.
- Any deviations or modifications from the described method or use of other reagents could result in a reduction of performance.
- Reduce exposure to potentially harmful substances by wearing personal protective lab equipment including lab coats, gloves and glasses.
- For information on hazardous substances included in the kit please refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).
- Kit can not be used beyond the expiration date on the label.

# 4. Storage and Stability

• Upon receipt store kit at 4°C for 6 months or -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

# 5. Kit Components

• The following reagents are the provided contents of the kit.

Description	Quantity	Storage Conditions
Anti- ENO2 Microplate	96 Well (12 x 8 Well Strips)	2-8°C for 1 Month
ENO2 Standard (Lyophilized)	2 x 50 ng	2-8°C for 1 Month
100X Biotinylated Anti-ENO2Detector Antibody	1 x 120 μL	-20°C long term
100X HRP-Avidin	1 x 120 μL	Avoid freeze-thaw
Detection Antibody Diluent	1 x 15 mL	
HRP-Avidin Diluent	1 x 15 mL	
Sample Diluent	1 x 50 mL	2-8°C for 1 Month
25X Wash Buffer	1 x 20 mL	2-6 C 101 1 MOHUI
TMB Substrate	1 x 10 mL	
Stop Solution	1 x 10 mL	

# 6. Required Materials Not Supplied

- Microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm.
- Automated plate washer (optional).
- Pipettes capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µL through 1 mL volumes of aqueous solutions.
- Pipettes or volumetric glassware capable of precisely measuring 1 mL through 100 mL of aqueous solutions.
- New, clean tubes and/or micro-centrifuge tubes for the preparation of standards or samples.
- Absorbent paper or paper toweling.
- Distilled or deionized ultrapure water.
- 37°C Incubator (optional).



## 7. Technical Application Tips

- Do not mix or substitute components from other kits.
- To ensure the validity of experimental operation, it is recommended that pilot experiments using standards and a small selection of sample dilutions to ensure optimal dilution range for quantitation.
- Samples exhibiting OD measurements higher than the highest standard should be diluted further in the appropriate sample dilution buffers.
- Prior to using the kit, briefly spin component tubes to collect all reagents at the bottom.
- Replicate wells are recommended for standards and samples.
- Cover microplate while incubating to prevent evaporation.
- Do not allow the microplate wells dry at any point during the assay procedure.
- Do not reuse tips or tube to prevent cross contamination.
- Avoid causing bubbles or foaming when pipetting, mixing or reconstituting.
- Completely remove of all liquids when washing to prevent cross contamination.
- Prepare reagents immediately prior to use and do not store, with the exception of the top standard.
- Equilibrate all materials to ambient room temperature prior to use (standards exception).
- For optimal results for inter- and intra-assay consistency, equilibrate all materials to 37°C prior to performing assay (standards exception) and perform all incubations at 37°C.
- Pipetting less than 1 µL is not recommended for optimal assay accuracy.
- Once the procedure has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Ensure that all reagents, materials and devices are ready at the appropriate time.
- Incubation times will affect results. All wells should be handled in the same sequential order and time intervals for optimal results.
- Samples containing precipitates or fibrin strands or which are hemolytic of lipemic might cause inaccurate results due to interfering factors.
- TMB Substrate is easily contaminated and should be colorless or light blue until added to plate. Handle carefully and protect from light.

# 8. Reagent Preparation

• Equilibrate all materials to room temperature prior to use and use prepare immediately prior to use.

#### 8.1 Microplate Preparation

- Micro-plates are provided ready to use and do not require rinsing or blocking.
- Unused well strips should be returned to the original packaging, sealed and stored at 4°C.
- Equilibrate microplates to ambient temperatures prior to opening to reduce potential condensation.

#### 8.2 1X Wash Buffer

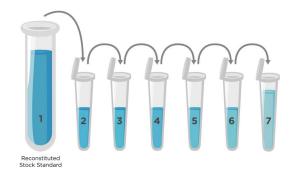
- 8.2.1 If crystals have formed in the **25X Wash Buffer** concentrate, equilibrate to room temperature and mix gently until crystals have completely dissolved.
- 8.2.2 Add the entire 20 mL contents of the **25X Wash Buffer** bottle to 480 mL of ultra-pure water to a clean > 500 mL bottle or other vessel.
- 8.2.3 Seal and mix gently by inversion. Avoid foaming or bubbles.
- 8.2.4 Store the **1X Wash Buffer** at room temperature until ready to use in the procedure. Store the prepared **1X Wash Buffer** at 4°C for no longer than 1 week. Do not freeze.



#### 8.3 <u>Human ENO2 Assay Standards</u>

- 8.3.1 Prepare the human ENO2 **standards** no greater than 2 hours prior to performing experiment. Standards should be held on ice until use in the experiment.
- 8.3.2 Reconstitute one vial of the provided 50 ng Lyophilized ENO2 Standard for each experiment. Prepare the stock 50,000 pg/mL ENO2 Standard by reconstituting one tube of Lyophilized ENO2 Standard as follows:
  - 8.3.2.1 Gently spin or tap the vial at 6,000 10,000 rpm for 30 seconds to collect all material at the bottom.
  - 8.3.2.2 Add 1 mL of **Sample Diluent** to the vial.
  - 8.3.2.3 Seal the vial then mix gently and thoroughly.
  - 8.3.2.4 Leave the vial at ambient temperature for 15 minutes.
- 8.3.3 Prepare a set of seven serially diluted standards as follows:
  - 8.3.3.1 Label tubes with numbers 2 8.
  - 8.3.3.2 Use the undiluted 50,000 pg/mL ENO2 **Standard** as the high standard point (Tube #1).
  - 8.3.3.3 Add 300  $\mu$ L of **Sample Diluent** to Tube #'s 2 8.
  - 8.3.3.4 Prepare **Standard #2** by adding 300  $\mu$ L of 50,000 pg/mL ENO2 (Tube #1) to Tube #2. Mix gently and thoroughly.
  - 8.3.3.5 Prepare **Standard #3** by adding 300  $\mu$ L of **Standard #2** from Tube #2 to Tube #3. Mix gently and thoroughly.
  - 8.3.3.6 Prepare further serial dilutions through Tube #7. Reference the table below as a guide for serial dilution scheme.
  - 8.3.3.7 Tube #8 is a blank standard (only **Sample Diluent**), which should be included with every experiment.

Standard Number (Tube)	Standard To Dilute	Volume Standard to Dilute (μL)	Volume Sample Diluent Buffer (μL)	Total Volume (μL)	Final Concentration
1	50,000 ng/mL Reconstituted ENO2 Standard	1,000	NA	NA	50,000 ng/mL
2	50,000 ng/mL	300	300	600	25,000 ng/mL
3	25,000 ng/mL	300	300	600	12,500 ng/mL
4	12,500 ng/mL	300	300	600	6,250 ng/mL
5	6,250 ng/mL	300	300	600	3,120 ng/mL
6	3,120 ng/mL	300	300	600	1,560 ng/mL
7	1,560 ng/mL	300	300	600	780 ng/mL
8	NA	0	300	300	0.0 (Blank)





#### 8.4 1X Biotinylated Anti-ENO2 Detector Antibody

- 8.4.1 Prepare the **1X Biotinylated Anti-ENO2 Detector Antibody** immediately prior to use by diluting the **100X Biotinylated Anti- ENO2 Detector Antibody** 1:100 with **Antibody Diluent Buffer**.
- 8.4.2 For each well strip to be used in the experiment (8-wells) prepare 1,000 μL by adding 10 μL of **100X Biotinylated Anti-ENO2 Detector Antibody** to 990 μL **Antibody Diluent Buffer**.
- 8.4.3 Mix thoroughly and gently. Hold no longer than 2 hours prior to using in procedure.

#### 8.5 1X HRP-Avidin

- 8.5.1 Prepare the **1X HRP-Avidin** immediately prior to use by diluting the **100X HRP-Avidin** 1:100 with **HRP-Avidin Diluent**.
- 8.5.2 For each well strip to be used in the experiment (8-wells) prepare 1,000 μL by adding 10 μL of **100X HRP-Avidin** to 990 μL **HRP-Avidin Diluent**.
- 8.5.3 Mix thoroughly and gently. Hold no longer than 2 hours prior to using in procedure.

## 9. Sample Preparation

#### 9.1 Sample Preparation and Storage

- Store samples to be assayed at 2-8°C for 24 hours prior being assayed.
- For long term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- Samples not indicated in the manual must be tested to determine if the kit is valid.
- Prepare samples as follows:
  - Serum Use serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for two hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1,000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
  - Plasma Collect plasma using EDTA, or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1,000 x g at 2-8°C within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
  - Tissue Homogenates 100 mg tissue was rinsed with 1X PBS, homogenized in 1 ml of 1X PBS and stored overnight at -20°C. After two freeze-thaw cycles were performed to break the cell membranes, the homogenates were centrifuged for 5 minutes at 5,000 x g, 2-8°C. The supernatant was removed and assayed immediately. Alternatively, aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Centrifuge the sample again after thawing before the assay. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.



# 10. Assay Procedure

- Equilibrate all reagents and materials to ambient room temperature prior to use in the procedure.
- Optionally, to control for small potential variations in micro well-plate and day to day ambient temperature fluctuations, equilibrate all reagents prior to use and perform all incubation steps at to 37°C for optimal consistency and reproducibility.
- **10.1** Determine the required number of wells and return any remaining unused wells and desiccant to the pouch.
- **10.2** Add 100 μL of serially titrated standards, diluted samples or blank into wells of the ENO2 Microplate. At least two replicates of each standard, sample or blank is recommended.
- **10.3** Cover the plate with the well plate lid and incubate for 2 hours.
- **10.4** Remove the plate lid and discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.
- **10.5** Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the benchtop onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.
- 10.6 Add 100 µL of prepared 1X Biotinylated Anti-ENO2 Antibody to each well.
- **10.7** Cover with the well-plate lid and Incubate for 60 minutes.
- **10.8** Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.
- **10.9** Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the benchtop onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.
- 10.10 Wash plate 3 times with 1X Wash Buffer as follows:
  - 10.10.1 Add 200 µL of **1X Wash Buffer** to each assay well.
  - 10.10.2 Incubate for 1 minute.
  - 10.10.3 Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle.
  - 10.10.4 Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the benchtop onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.
  - 10.10.5 Repeat steps 10.10.1 through 10.10.4 **two** more times.
- 10.11 Add 100 µL of prepared 1X HRP-Avidin into each well and incubate for 60 minutes.
- **10.12** Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.
- 10.13 Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the benchtop onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.
- 10.14 Wash plate 5 times with 1X Wash Buffer as in Step 10.10.
- 10.15 Add 90 μL of TMB Substrate to each well and incubate in the dark for 15-30 minutes. Wells should change to gradations of blue. If the color is too deep, reduce the incubation time. (NOTE: optimal incubation time must be determined by the user. Optimal development can be visualized by blue shading in the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards are still clear.)
- **10.16** Add 50 μL of **Stop Solution** to each well. Well color should change to yellow immediately. Add the **Stop Solution** in the same well order as done for the **TMB Substrate**.
- **10.17** Read the O.D. absorbance at 450 nm with a standard microplate reader within 5 minutes of stopping the reaction in step 10.16. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm.



#### 11. Calculation of Results

For analysis of the assay results, calculate the **Relative OD**<sub>450</sub> for each test or standard well as follows:

(Relative  $OD_{450}$ ) = (Well  $OD_{450}$ )–(Mean Blank Well  $OD_{450}$ )

The standard curve is generated by plotting the mean replicate **Relative OD**<sub>450</sub> of each standard serial dilution point vs. the respective standard concentration. The human ENO2 concentration contained in the samples can be interpolated by using linear regression of each mean sample **Relative OD**<sub>450</sub> against the standard curve. This is best achieved using curve fitting software.

**Note:** if wavelength correction readings were available, subtract the readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This may provide greater reading accuracy.

**Note:** if the samples measured were diluted, multiply the derived mean sample concentration by the dilution factor for a final sample concentration.

# 12. Typical Expected Data

#### 12.1 General Specifications

General Specifications				
Range 0.78 ng/mL – 50 ng/mL				
LOD	< 0.195 ng/mL (Derived by linear regression of OD <sub>450</sub> of the Mean Blank + 2xSD)			
Specificity	Human gp130 <u>UniProt</u> ID: P09104, Q96J33, A8K3B0 GeneID: 2026			
Cross-Reactivity	No detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins			

#### 12.2 Typical absorbance values

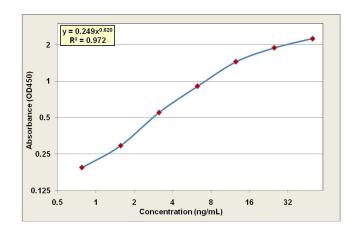
Expected absorbance for standards when TMB incubation is performed for 20 minutes at 37°C and measured at OD<sub>450</sub>.

Sample Concentration (ng/mL)	Sample 1 (OD <sub>450</sub> )	Sample 2 (OD <sub>450</sub> )	Mean (OD <sub>450</sub> )	Blank Subtracted (OD <sub>450</sub> )
Blank	0.098	0.095	0.097	NA
0.78	0.292	0.288	0.290	0.193
1.56	0.396	0.382	0.389	0.292
3.12	0.658	0.634	0.646	0.549
6.25	1.014	0.993	1.004	0.907
12.5	1.549	1.532	1.541	1.444
25	1.981	1.978	1.980	1.883
50	2.341	2.332	2.337	2.240



### 12.3 Typical standard curve

This standard curve is for demonstration purposes only. An assay specific standard curve should be performed with each assay.



#### 12.4 Linearity

Sample matrices (indicated below) were spiked with known concentrations of human ENO2, diluted to within the dynamic range of the assay and measured to assess the linearity of the assay measurements across the range of dilution points.

Sample Type	Sample Dilution	Average Recovery	Range
	1:1	88%	84-92%
Human Serum	1:2	94%	90-98%
(n=4)	1:4	99%	95-104%
	1:8	102%	96-108%



#### 13. Technical Resources

#### **Technical Support:**

For optimal service please be prepared to supply the lot number of the kit used.

#### **USA**

Aviva Systems Biology, Corp. 5754 Pacific Center Blvd, Suite 201 San Diego, CA 92121

Phone: 858-552-6979 Toll Free: 888-880-0001 Fax: 858-552-6975

Technical support: techsupport@avivasysbio.com

#### China

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